Collecting a 2019 Overpayment in 2020

- Why do we have to change to a net overpayment instead of a gross when an overpayment crosses the calendar year?
 - The IRS says that:
 - Overpayments for prior years are not reductions of current year amounts subject to FIT withholding.
 - Overpayments for prior years should not cause a reduction of FIT withholding tax paid this year.
 - Any FIT tax overpayment the employee has made should be recovered by the employee on his next tax return, as a deduction from income.
 - If the overpayment is never repaid, it is considered taxable wages.
 - The SSA says that:
 - Medicare and Social Security overpayments should be reported to the Social Security Administration as soon as they are repaid, but for the correct tax year.
 - If we keep collecting the gross overpayment in the new year, we break most of the above rules
 - Gross subject to FIT will be understated.
 - FIT withheld will be incorrect.
 - Reductions to Social Security and Medicare subject amounts are reported in the wrong year.
 - Social Security and Medicare is reported in the wrong year.

• Example:

Portion of PC_PAYRESULT (Collapsed Display) for sample employee.

Personnel No.	12345432 SAMPLE JOHN Q - USA
Seq. number	00195 - accounted on 11/16/2019 - current result
For-Period	22.2019 (11/01/2019 - 11/15/2019)
In-Period	22.2019 (Fin.: 11/15/2019)

* /R00 Regular Ra		2	1.08	96.00	2,023.91
* 2143 LTD	01 B	04			38.04-
* 2260 N2 PSERS 2	01 B	03			135.23-
* 2360 N2 ER PSER	В	03			175.98
* 2538 Reg BlueSh	01 B	02			69.50-
* 2550 Health - E	В	02			353.50
* 2575 Health - P	01 B	02			423.00
* 3223 RepayPlan					<u> 50.00-</u>
* 3224 RePay bala					300.00
* 3225 RePay Tota					750.00-
* 9182 P0/T0 Base					2,058.23
* 9188 PSERS 2 Ba					2,058.23

- Overpayment Details:
 - As of 11-25-2019, how much has the employee paid?
 - \$ 750 repaid as of this pay (WT 3225)
 - + 300 balance remaining (WT 3224)
 - 1,050 Total Gross Overpayment.
 - We originally had a gross overpayment of \$1,050.
 - The employee agreed to pay it back \$50 per pay period.
 - The employee has paid back \$750
 - EE will make two more payments on Dec. 10 and Dec. 24, adding another \$100.
 - \$750 + \$100 = **\$850** repaid as of the end of 2019
 - \$1,050 \$850 = **\$200** gross to be paid in 2020
- Turn off the 2019 gross deduction in HRMS, *before* 12/23 payroll exits.
 - o IT 0014 Recurring Payments/Deductions
 - Use the *Pencil* to change the end date of WT 3223 to 12/15/2019
 - Remember, 12/1 to 12/15 is paid on 12/26
 - We don't want to take any more gross deductions in 2020.

- IT 0015 Additional Payments:
 - Use the *Pencil*
 - Change the *amount* of WT 3224 to \$850. Why?
 - We will only collect \$850 in 2019
 - If we look later, we'll be able to see easily that only \$850 was collected in 2019.
 - If we have another overpayment later, the leftover balance could cause problems with the new overpayment.
- How much are we going to collect from the employee?
 - **\$ 200.00** gross.
 - **12.40** (6.2% Social Security OASDI) (We'll get this back from the Feds later.)
 - **2.90** (1.45% Medicare HI) (We'll get this back, too.)
 - **\$ 184.70** Net pay recovered in 2020.
- How many payments were left?
 - o \$200.00 / \$50.00 = 4 payments
 - So, \$184.70 / 4 payments = \$46.18
 - \circ \$46.18 x 4 = 184.72, so take \$0.02 off of the final payment.
- Key 3101/3111 combination
 - o \$46.18 payment (3101)
 - o \$184.70 balance (3111).
 - Employee is only paying back the gross, less SS and Medicare!
- What about the employer taxes?
 - When we pay back gross in the same year, taxes are automatically adjusted, including EE and ER share.
 - When we pay back net in the next year, taxes aren't adjusted at all!
 - We want to get the agency's money back as soon as possible, so recover taxes immediately:
 - Agency = 6.2%, SS \$12.40, Med \$2.90
 - Write a JV to reverse the Social Security and Medicare expenditure on the agency side.

•	Account 035, TC 025 (1324V/7140)	DR \$15.30
		+

- Operating, TC 670 (7140/6510) SubObject BA CR \$12.40
- Operating, TC 670 (7140/6510) SubObject BH CR \$ 2.90
- *IFT JV: Don't send to OST!!!*
- Basically, we're carrying a receivable in Account 035 until we get it back from the Feds!
- As the employee pays back the money, it will accrue as a credit in Account 035, GL 1324
 - No additional JV is necessary for the net pay collection.
- After the employee is done paying back, we have \$15.30 + \$15.30 = **\$30.60** left as a receivable in Account 035, GL 1324.
 - This is the money we get from the Feds.
 - We have to file a tax return to get it.
- We shouldn't file frequent amended returns if we can avoid it. We should file the tax return once the employee has repaid in full or at reasonably infrequent intervals (for instance, annually.)

- Once the employee has paid us back in 2020:
 - Make adjustments to:
 - Employee OASI/Med Taxable and Tax
 - Employer OASI/Med Taxable and Tax
 - Per the IRS, we don't change 2020 FIT at all. Employee <u>may</u> claim as a deduction on 2021 (for 2020) tax return.
 - Use OFM's Year-To-Date Updates Worksheet (available online at <u>https://support.hrms.wa.gov/quarterlyyear-end</u>)

PERNR	Personnel Area	Tax Authority (FED, WA, etc)	Effective Date	Tax Group (TxGr)	Taxable or Value	Тах	Note
12345432	9898	FED	12/24/2020	0003	-200.00	-12.40	EE Social Sec.
12345432	9898	FED	12/24/2020	0004	-200.00	-12.40	ER Social Sec.
12345432	9898	FED	12/24/2020	0005	-200.00	-2.90	EE Medicare
12345432	9898	FED	12/24/2020	0006	-200.00	-2.90	ER Medicare

- This results in \$30.60 due back from IRS for 4th quarter.
 - File 941 (or 941-X if we've already filed.)
 - File W-2c, provide employee with copy. (remember, don't change Box 1 or Box 2!)
- When we get the check back from the U.S. Treasury:
 - Make a deposit:
 - AFRS Form A-8
 - Account 035: TC 090 (7110/1324V) \$30.60
 - o 1324 should be clear with respect to this overpayment.
 - If there was interest paid by IRS, deposit it to revenue source 0499 in the operating account.

- What about Retirement, union dues, etc.?
 - Any other changes that must be made should be done manually, with retirement adjustment codes, union adjustment codes, etc.
 - In the subsequent year, employee will **always** pay back gross, less Social security and Medicare.
 - Any other money owed to the employee should be paid back with adjustment codes.
 - If retirement, make adjustments to WBET based on the overpayment dates, not the repayment dates.
 - This keeps our current year taxable amounts correct (some of those deductions are pretax).

For more information on wage repayments for previous years, see "Wage Repayments" in <u>IRS</u> Publication 15.