Washington State Economic and Revenue Outlook

Presented to Financial Management Advisory Council

Steve Lerch
Executive Director

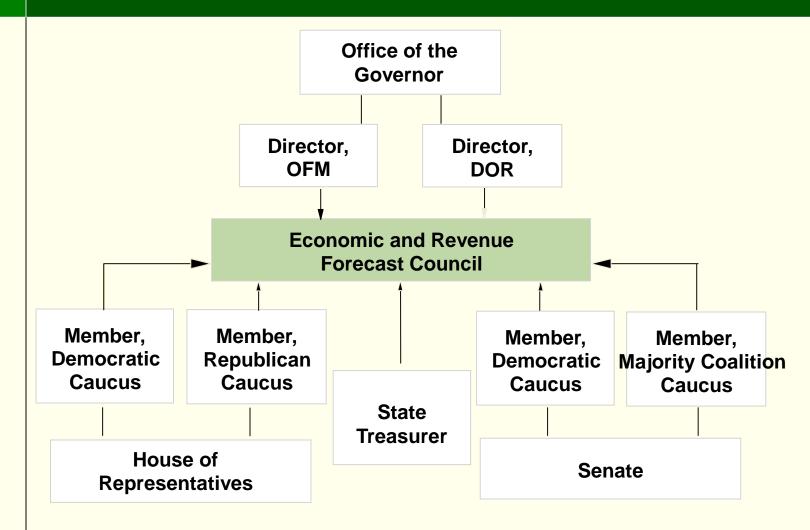
March 22, 2018 Olympia, Washington



Economic and Revenue Forecast Council Organization Chart

ERFC

- Created in 1984 as part of Dept. of Revenue
- Became separate agency in 1990



FMAC March 22, 2018

Slide 1



ERFC Forecast Process

The national economic forecast is based on a modified version of the IHS Markit model of the U.S. economy



FMAC March 22, 2018

Slide 2



Summary

- The forecast now extends through 2023
- The economic forecast for the U.S. is slightly stronger than in November
- The economic forecast for WA has slightly higher personal income than in November
- Federal tax changes have increased after-tax income
- Risks to the baseline include stock market volatility and concerns about international trade and fiscal policy
- The revenue collection variance since the November forecast is \$185 million
- GF-S revenue for the 2017-19 biennium has been increased by \$647 million, and revenue for the 2019-21 biennium has been increased by \$671 million.



Forecast risks

Upside

- Elevated consumer, business confidence could translate into stronger growth
- Stronger global economic growth

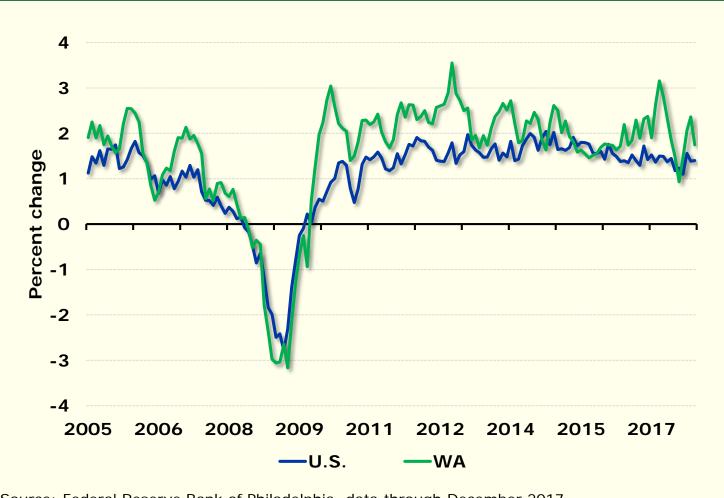
Downside

- International trade and fiscal policy uncertainty
- Stock market volatility could lead to slower household spending
- Federal Reserve raises rates too much or too quickly
- Geopolitical risks: North Korea, Russia, Middle East

FMAC March 22, 2018



Leading economic indexes for U.S., WA suggest continued growth over at least the next six months



FMAC March 22, 2018

Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, data through December 2017

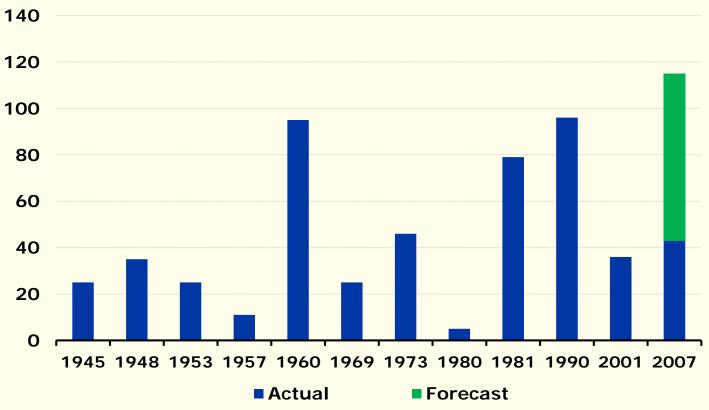


This recovery is forecasted to be the longest on record

GCEA members were asked the probability of recession by 2023.

Average probability of those who responded = 88%





FMAC March 22, 2018

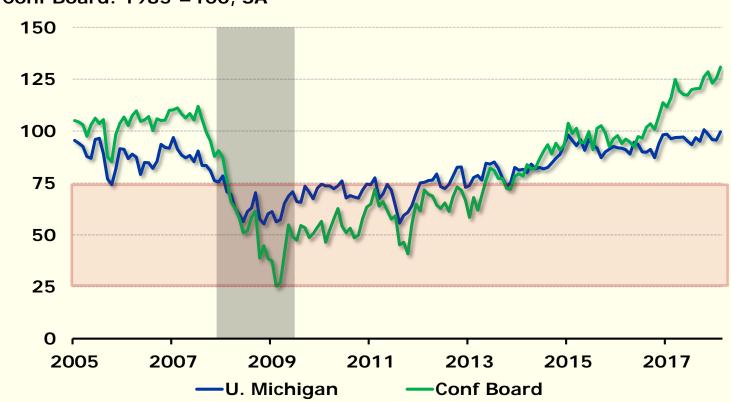
Source: BLS; ERFC February 2018 forecast



Consumer confidence is at or above pre-recession levels



Mich: 1966Q1 = 100, SA Conf Board: 1985 = 100, SA



FMAC March 22, 2018

Sources: University of Michigan, Conference Board; data through February 2018



Small business optimism and sales expectations are above pre-recession levels

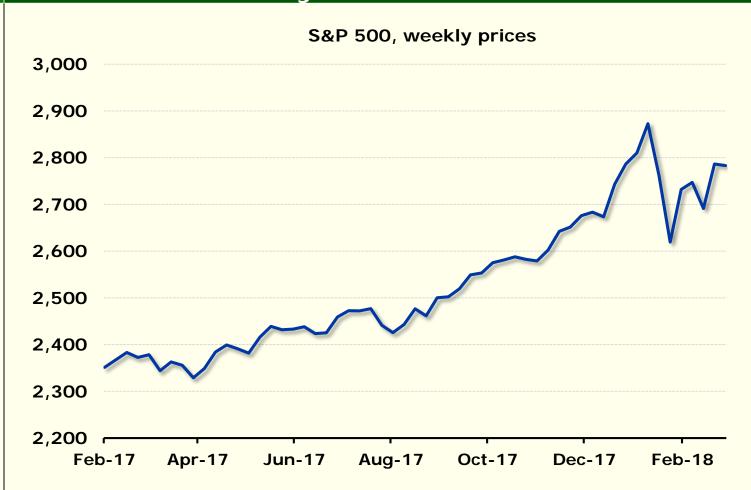


FMAC March 22, 2018

Source: National Federation of Independent Business; data through February 2018



After an extended period of rising prices, the stock market has become volatile recently

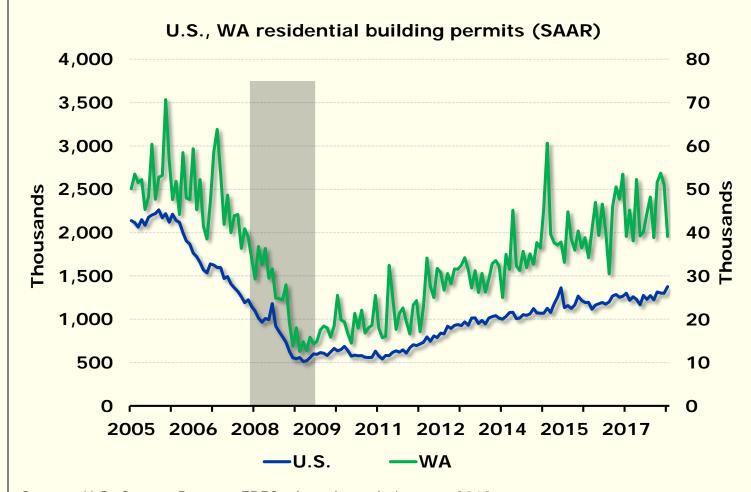


FMAC March 22, 2018

Source: Yahoo Finance, data through Mar. 12, 2018



U.S. residential construction remains below pre-recession levels



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, ERFC; data through January 2018

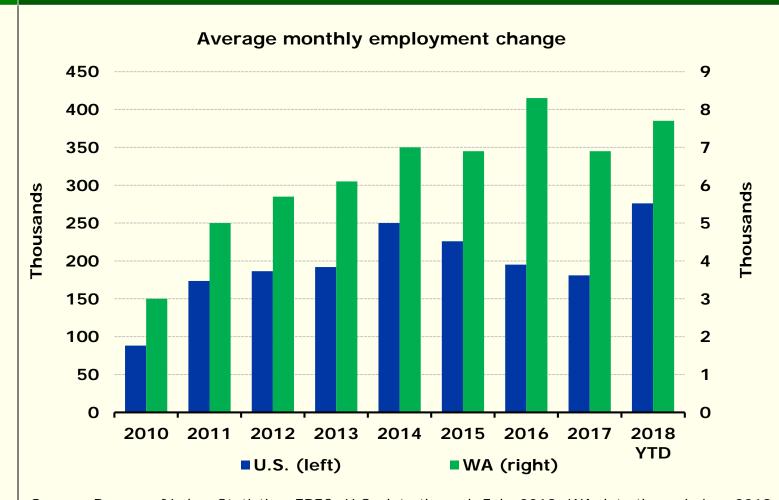
March 22, 2018

Slide 10

FMAC



Pace of U.S. job creation has strengthened so far this year, remains strong in WA



FMAC March 22, 2018

Slide 11

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, ERFC; U.S. data through Feb. 2018; WA data through Jan. 2018

WASHINGTON STATE ECONOMIC AND REVENUE FORECAST COUNCIL

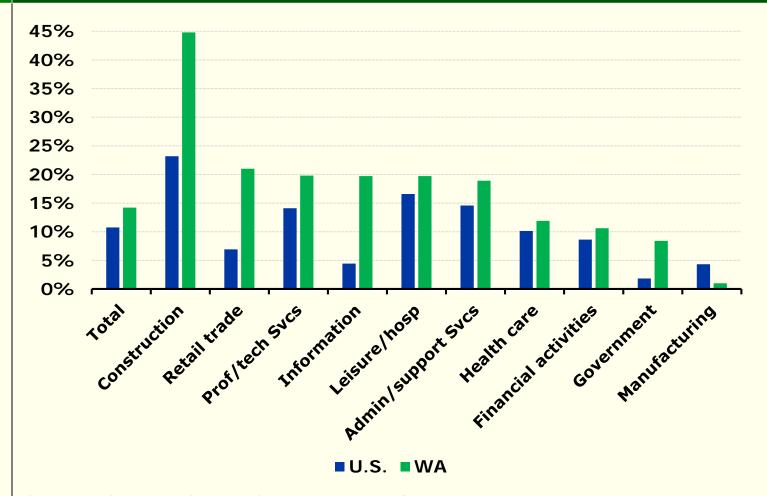


U.S. and WA: percentage change in employment by sector, 2012-2017

2012 – 2017 employment change:

U.S.: +12.1 M jobs

WA: +416,000 jobs



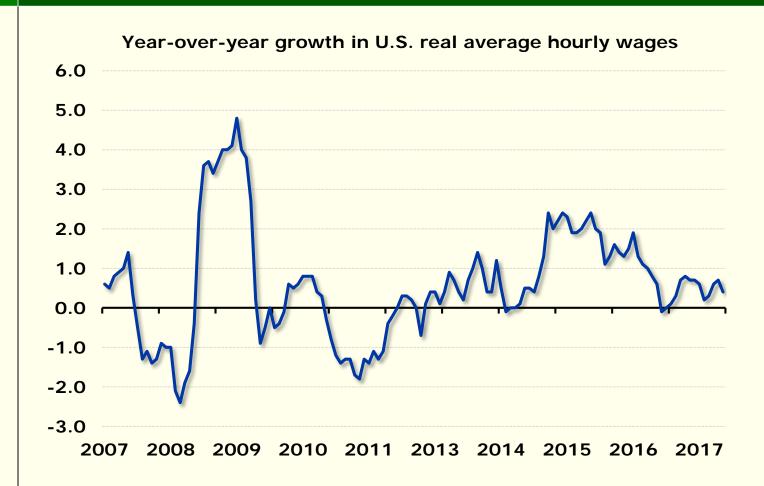
FMAC March 22, 2018

Slide 12

Source: BLS, WA Employment Security Dept., ERFC



Adjusted for inflation, hourly wage growth remains muted



FMAC March 22, 2018

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, monthly data through February 2018



The labor force participation rate has improved slightly since late 2015



2006 2008 2010

FMAC March 22, 2018 63

62

2000

2002

Slide 14

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, data through February 2018

2004

WASHINGTON STATE ECONOMIC AND REVENUE FORECAST COUNCIL

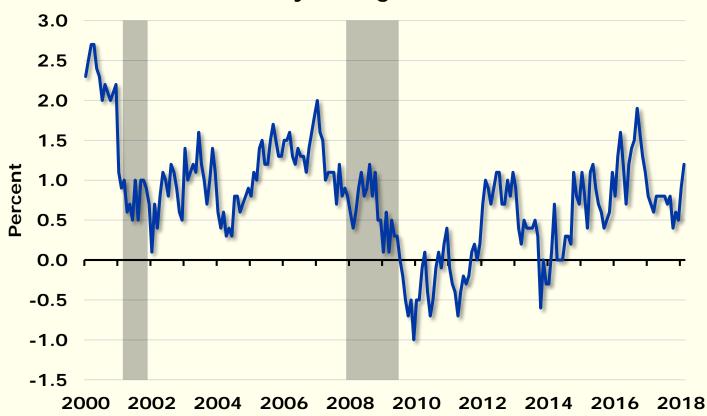
2012

2014 2016



The labor force contracted after the recession but has started growing





Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, data through February 2018

Labor Statistics, data through rebruary 2010

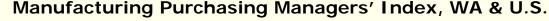
WASHINGTON STATE ECONOMIC AND REVENUE FORECAST COUNCIL

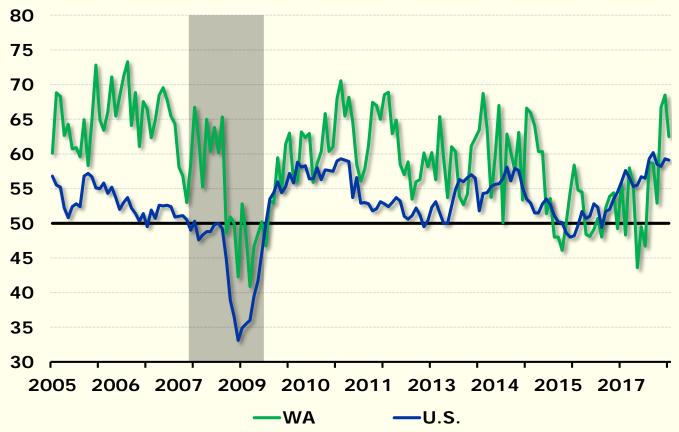
FMAC March 22, 2018



Manufacturing activity continues to expand nationally and in WA

Index values below 50 indicate contraction in manufacturing activity, values above 50 indicate expansion





FMAC March 22, 2018

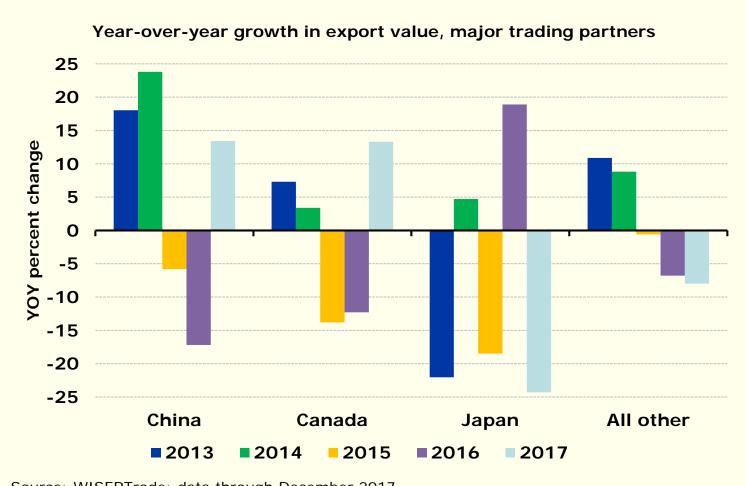
Slide 16

Source: Institute of Supply Management, data through January 2018



WA exports have slowed, but exports to China, Canada have improved in 2017

Total exports declined 3.2% in 2017 and 7.9% in 2016

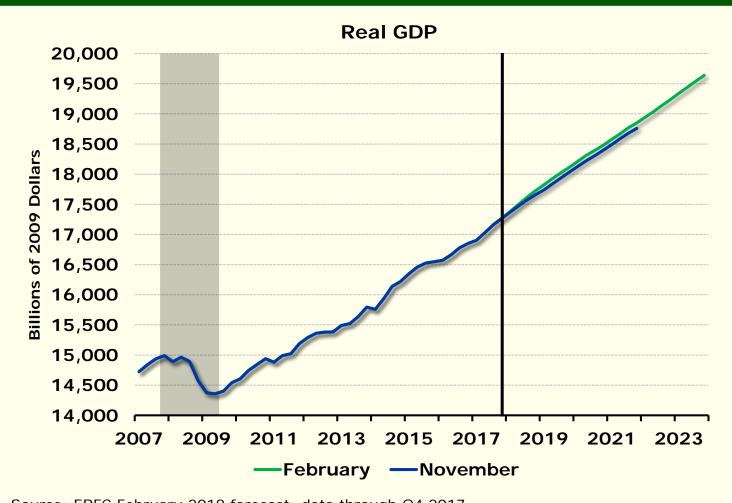


FMAC March 22, 2018

Source: WISERTrade; data through December 2017



Real GDP is slightly higher than the November forecast

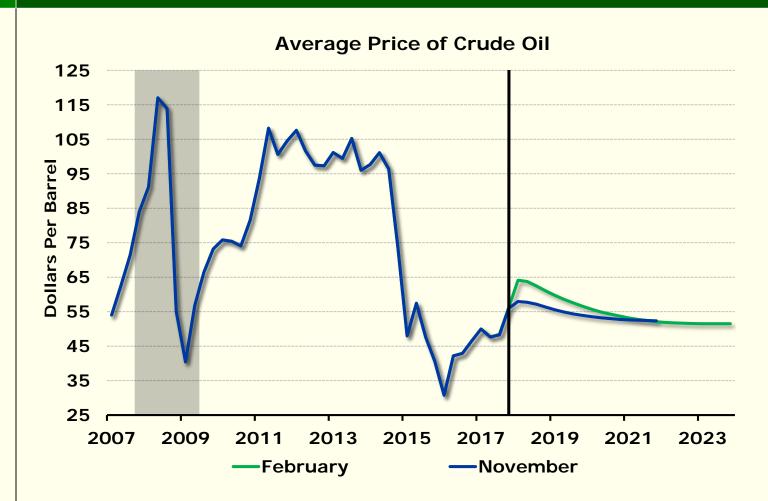


FMAC March 22, 2018

Source: ERFC February 2018 forecast; data through Q4 2017



Oil prices are slightly higher in the near term compared to the November forecast



FMAC March 22, 2018

Source: U.S. DOE, ERFC February 2018 forecast; historical data through Q4 2017



The U.S. nonfarm payroll employment forecast is stronger than November

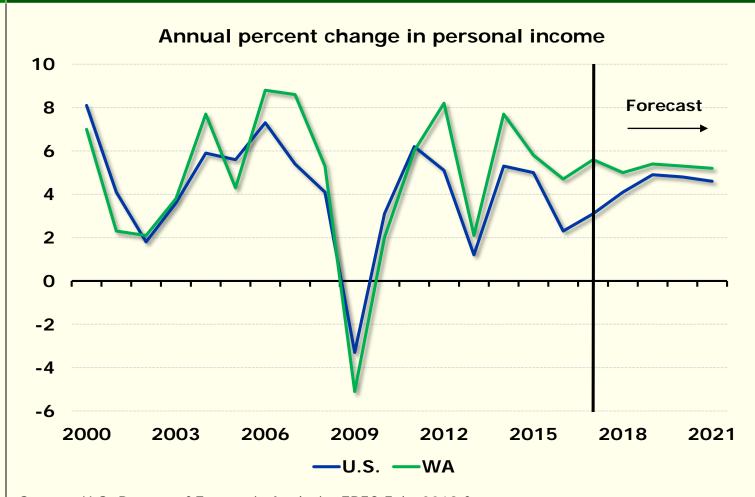


FMAC March 22, 2018

Slide 20



Since 2011, personal income has grown faster in WA than nationally



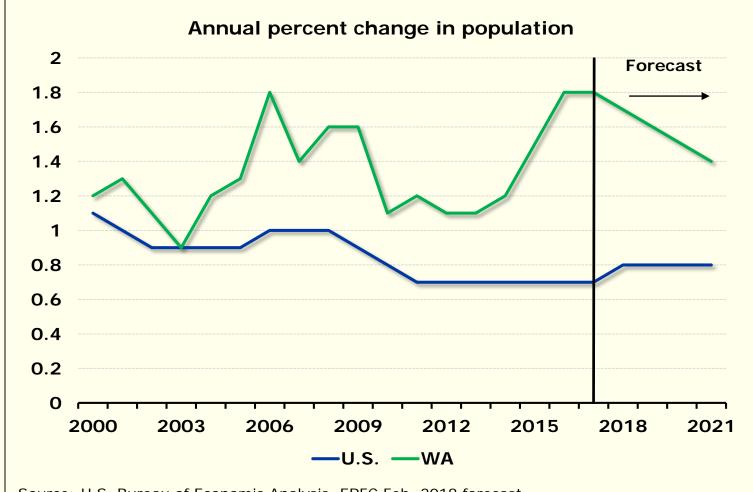
FMAC March 22, 2018

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, ERFC Feb. 2018 forecast



WA population consistently grows faster than U.S. as a whole

Washington's population has grown from 5.9 million in 2000 to an expected 7.9 million in 2021



FMAC March 22, 2018

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, ERFC Feb. 2018 forecast

Slide 22

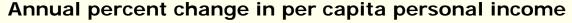


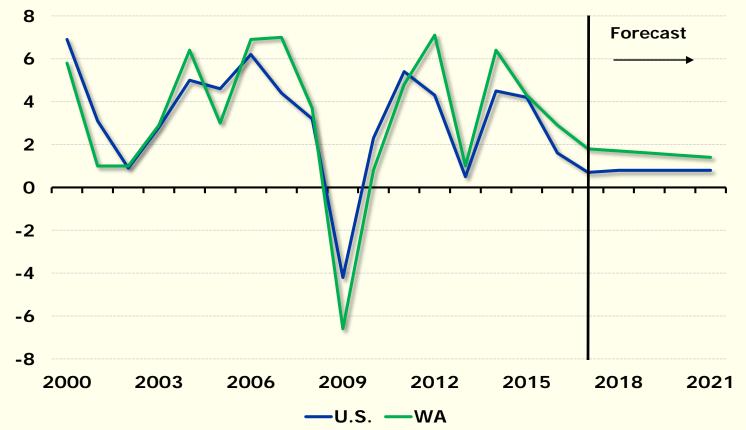
On a per capita basis, WA personal income has grown as fast or faster than U.S. as a whole

Per capita personal income, 2016

U.S.: \$49,246

WA: \$54,579





WASHINGTON STATE ECONOMIC AND REVENUE FORECAST COUNCIL

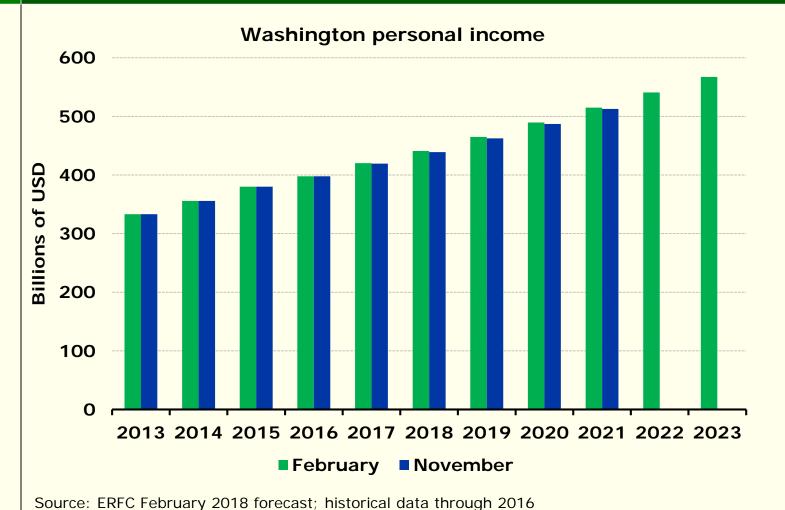
Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, ERFC Feb. 2018 forecast

FMAC March 22, 2018



Washington personal income is slightly higher than in November...

Third quarter 2017 personal income data have become available since the November forecast

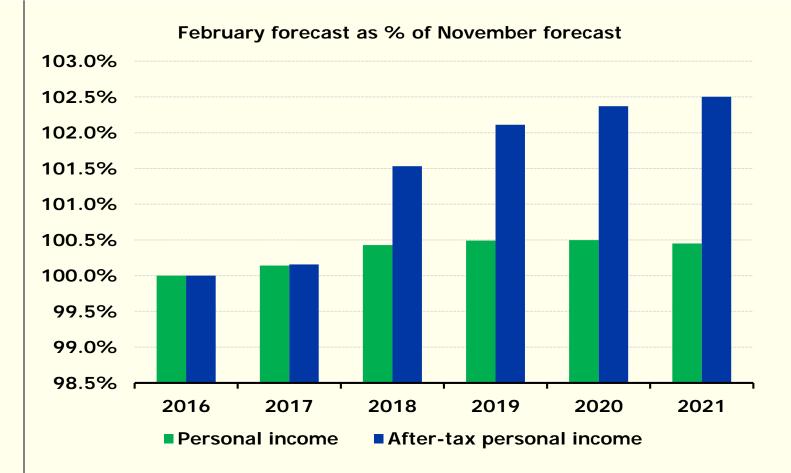


FMAC March 22, 2018



But WA after-tax personal income increased even more due to federal tax cuts

Personal income is 0.4% to 0.5% higher compared to November but after-tax income is 1.5% to 2.5% higher



FMAC March 22, 2018

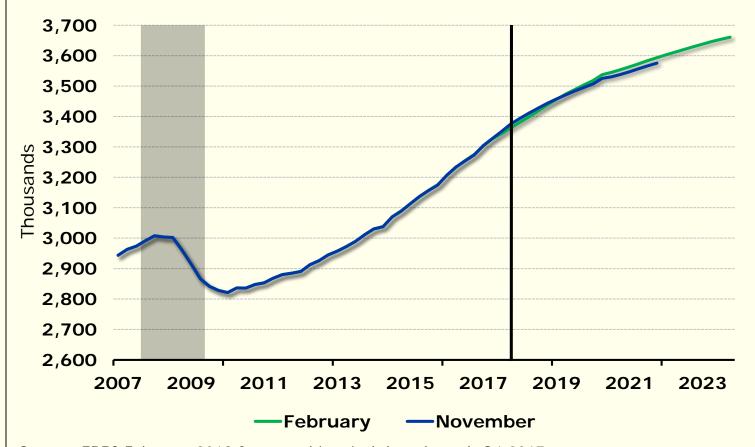
Source: ERFC February 2018 forecast; historical data through 2016



Washington employment forecast is slightly higher compared to November

The WA nonfarm employment forecast is 18,000 jobs higher (0.5%) by 2021 compared to November.

Washington Nonfarm Payroll Employment



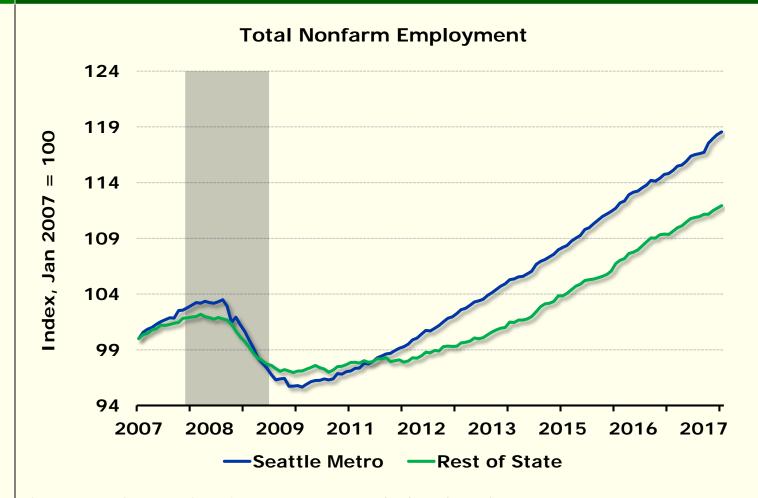
FMAC March 22, 2018

Slide 26

Source: ERFC February 2018 forecast; historical data through Q4 2017



Seattle area employment continues to grow faster than the rest of the state



FMAC March 22, 2018

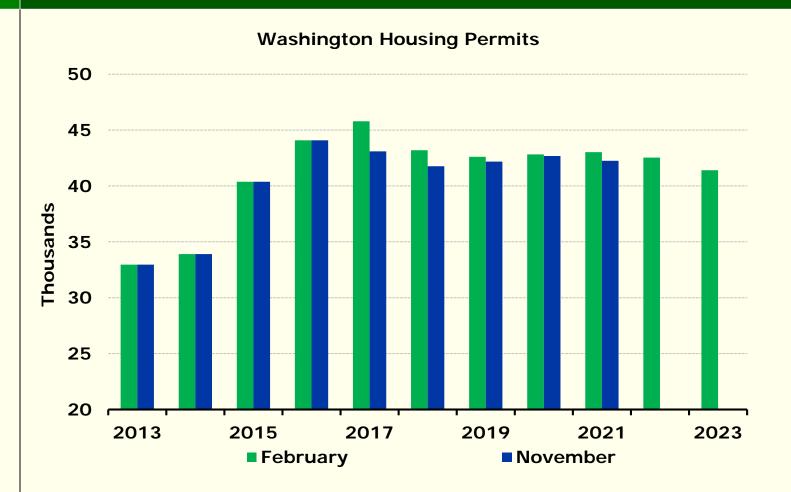
Slide 27

Source: Employment Security Department, ERFC; data through January 2018



Washington housing permits forecast is slightly higher than in November

Fourth quarter 2017 permits were much higher than expected in November.



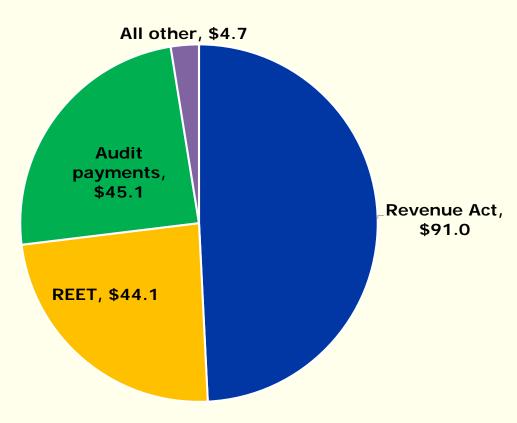
FMAC March 22, 2018

Source: ERFC February 2018 forecast; historical data through 2017



Forecast variance since November mainly from Revenue Act sources; 24% due to one-time audit payments

Variance from November forecast (\$ millions)



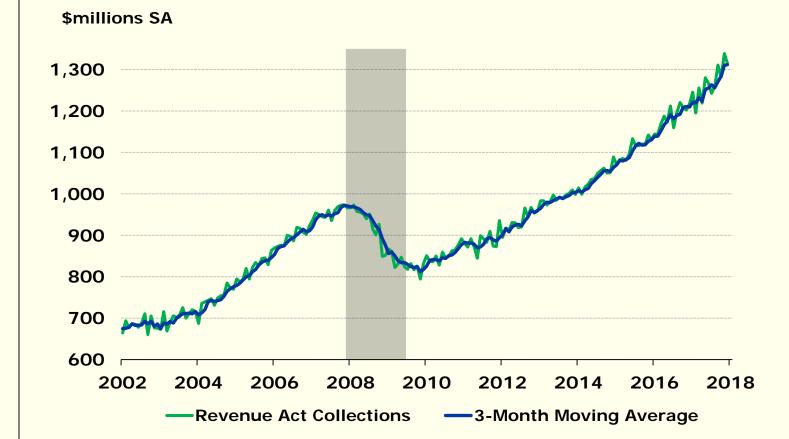
FMAC March 22, 2018



Revenue Act collections growth accelerated in the 4th quarter

Adjusted yearover-year collections growth (by quarter of activity):

Q1: 6.3% Q2: 5.6% 03: 6.4% 04: 8.3%



^{*} Adjusted for large one-time transactions, amnesty payments and reporting frequency change, current definition of Revenue Act

Source: DOR and ERFC; monthly data through estimated December 2017 activity

FMAC March 22, 2018

Slide 30



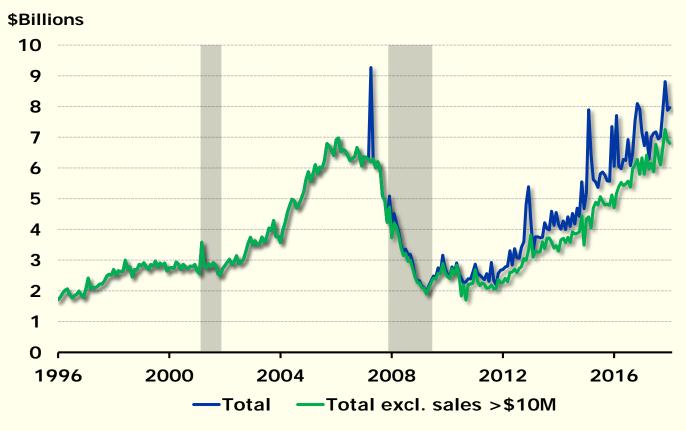
Large commercial property sales increased in the 4th quarter of 2017

Large commercial sales (>\$10 million) totaled \$1.8 billion in the 1st quarter of 2017, \$2.9 billion in the 2nd quarter and \$2.0 billion in the 3rd quarter, then rebounded to \$3.6 billion in the 4th quarter.

Residential and smaller commercial sales also increased.

FMAC March 22, 2018

Seasonally Adjusted Taxable Real Estate Excise Activity



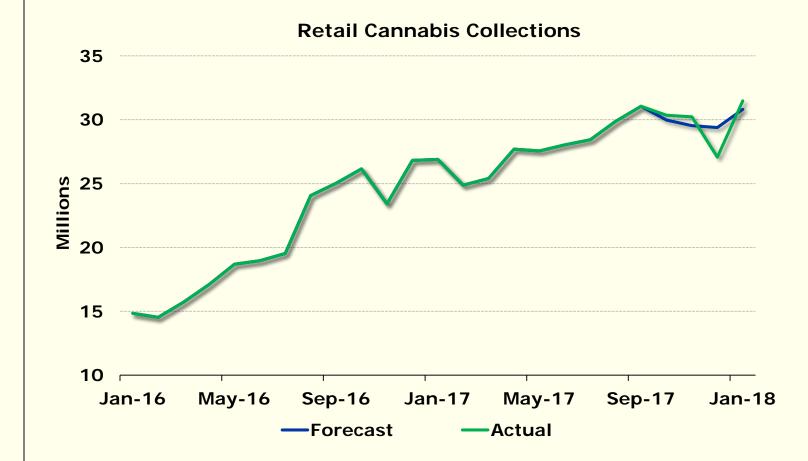
Source: ERFC; Monthly data through January 2018 preliminary



Cannabis revenue continues to be volatile

Collections were 2.1% above forecast in January

Collections are 0.5% below forecast since October



FMAC March 22, 2018

300

Source: LCB, ERFC; data through January 2018



Forecast changes: General Fund State, 2017-2019 Biennium

November Forecast:

\$43,566 million

\$Millions	February Forecast			cast	
Dept. of	Collection Experience \$184	Non- economic Change \$0	Forecast Change \$447	<u>Forecast</u> \$41,999	Total Change* \$631
All other agencies	\$1	\$0	\$15	\$2,213	\$16
Total GF-S	\$185	\$0	\$462	\$44,213	\$647

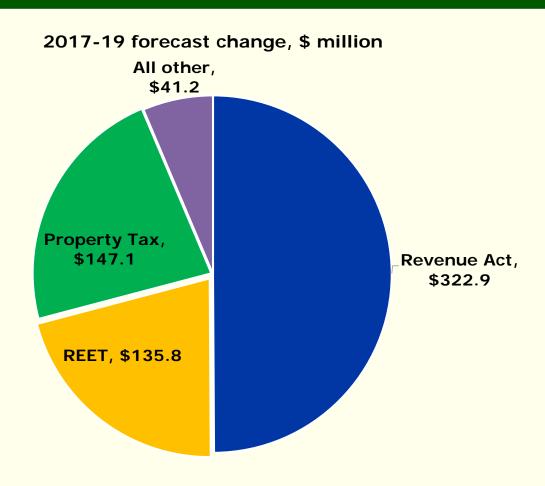
,

* Detail may not add to total due to rounding

FMAC March 22, 2018



Components of 2017-19 GF-S forecast change



FMAC March 22, 2018

Slide 34



Forecast changes: General Fund State, 2019-2021 Biennium

November Forecast:

\$47,582 million

\$Millions	February Forecast			
	Non- economic Change	Forecast Change	<u>Forecast</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>Change</u> *
Dept. of Revenue	\$0	\$655	\$46,029	\$655
All other agencies	\$0	\$16	\$2,226	\$16
Total GF-S	\$ 0	\$671	\$48,255	\$671

* Detail may not add to total due to rounding

FMAC March 22, 2018



State property tax estimates

\$Millions	Prop	Property Tax Forecast		
	<u>2015-17</u>	2017-19	2019-21	
November	\$4,133	\$6,034	\$7,188	
February	\$4,133	\$6,181	\$7,416	
Difference	\$0	\$147	\$228	

Source: ERFC February 2018 forecast

* Detail may not add to total due to rounding

FMAC March 22, 2018



Cannabis excise tax and license fee estimates

General Fund change since November forecast:

•2017-19 \$0 M

•2019-21 +\$7.6 M

\$Millions	Cannabis Forecast		
	<u>2015-17</u>	<u>2017-19</u>	<u>2019-21</u>
GF-S share of excise tax and license fees	\$148	\$250	\$278
Non-GF	\$321	\$499	\$532
Total	\$469	\$749	\$809

Slide 37

* Detail may not add to total due to rounding

Source: ERFC February 2018 forecast

FMAC March 22, 2018



2017-19 Biennium alternative forecasts – cash basis

\$Millions	2017-19 Biennium	From the baseline#
February 2018 Baseline (60%)	\$44,213	
November 2017 Alternative Fore	ecasts	
Optimistic (15%)	\$45,311	\$1,098
Pessimistic (25%)	\$42,832	(\$1,381)
Probability Weighted Average	\$44,032	(\$181)
GCEA*	\$44,125	(\$88)

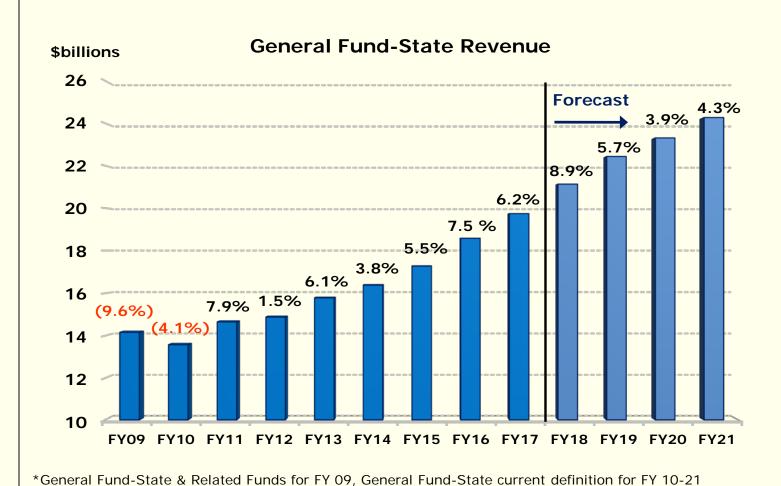
Difference

FMAC March 22, 2018

^{*}Based on the Governor's Council of Economic Advisors' economic assumptions #May not add to total due to rounding



General Fund-State* forecast by fiscal year



FMAC March 22, 2018

Source: ERFC forecast, February 2018



Conclusion

- WA personal income and employment are slightly higher than in November
- The forecast incorporates federal tax changes, raising after-tax income in the U.S. and in WA
- As has been the case for some time, Washington's economy is continuing to outperform the nation
- GF-S revenues are expected to grow 15.4% between the 2015-17 and 2017-19 biennia and 9.1% between the 2017-19 and 2019-21 biennia
- The level of uncertainty in the baseline remains elevated, with downside risks outweighing upside risks



Questions



FMAC March 22, 2018

Slide 41