APPENDIX A: PREDESIGN CHECKLIST

A predesign should include the content detailed here. OFM will approve limited scope predesigns on a case-by-case basis.

***** Executive Summary

*	Prob	oler	n Statement, Opportunity or Program Requirement
			entify the problem, opportunity or program requirement that the project addresses and wit will be accomplished.
		pro	entify and explain the statutory or other requirements that drive the project's operational ograms and how these affect the need for space, location or physical accommodations. Elude anticipated population projections (growth or decline) and assumptions.
			plain the connection between the agency's mission, goals and objectives; statutory uirements; and the problem, opportunity, or program requirements.
		De	scribe in general terms what is needed to solve the problem.
			clude any relevant history of the project, including previous predesigns that did not go ward to design or construction.
*	Ana	lysi	s of Alternatives (including the preferred alternative)
		De	scribe all alternatives that were considered, including the preferred alternative. Include:
			A no action alternative.
			Advantages and disadvantages of each alternative. Please include a high-level summary table with your analysis.
			Cost estimates for each alternative.
			☐ Provide enough information so decision makers have a general understanding of the costs.
			☐ Complete OFM's Life Cycle Cost Model (RCW 39.35B.050).
			Schedule estimates for each alternative. Estimate the start, midpoint, and completion dates.
*	Deta	aile	d Analysis of Preferred Alternative
			Nature of space – how much of the proposed space will be used for what purpose (i.e., office, lab, conference, classroom, etc.)
			Occupancy numbers.
			Basic configuration of the building, including square footage and the number of floors.
			Space needs assessment. Identify the guidelines used.
		Site	e Analysis
			Identify site studies that are completed or under way.
			Location.

Ш	Building footprint and its relationship to adjacent facilities and site features. Provide an aerial view, sketches of the building site, and basic floorplans.
	Stormwater requirements.
	Ownership of the site and any acquisition issues.
	Easements and setback requirements.
	Potential issues with the surrounding neighborhood, during construction and ongoing.
	Utility extension or relocation issues.
	Potential environmental impacts.
	Parking and access issues, including improvements required by local ordinances, local road impacts, and parking demand.
	Impact on surroundings and existing development with construction lay-down areas and construction phasing.
	nsistency with applicable long-term plans (such as the Thurston County and Capitol mpus master plans and agency or area master plans) as required by <u>RCW 43.88.110</u> .
Co	nsistency with other laws and regulations
	High-performance public buildings (Chapter 39.35D RCW).
	Greenhouse gas emissions reduction policy (RCW 70.235.070).
	Archeological and cultural resources (<u>Executive Order 05-05</u> and <u>Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966</u>).
	Americans with Disabilities Act implementation (Executive Order 96-04).
	Compliance with planning under <u>Chapter 36.70A RCW</u> , as required by <u>RCW 43.88.0301</u> .
	Information required by RCW 43.88.0301(1).
	Other codes or regulations.
	ntify problems that require further study. Evaluate identified problems to establish bable costs and risk.
	ntify significant or distinguishable components, including major equipment and ADA uirements in excess of existing code.
Ide	ntify planned IT systems that affect the building plans.
De	scribe planned commissioning to ensure systems function as designed.
De	scribe any future phases or other facilities that will affect this project.
	entify and justify the proposed project delivery method. For GC/CM, link to the uirements in RCW 39.10.340.
De	scribe how the project will be managed within the agency.

		Sch	nedule
			Provide a high-level milestone schedule for the project, including key dates for budget approval, design, bid, acquisition, construction, equipment installation, testing, occupancy, and full operation.
			Incorporate value-engineering analysis and constructability review into the project schedule, as required by <u>RCW 43.88.110(5)(c)</u> .
			Describe factors that may delay the project schedule.
			Describe the permitting or local government ordinances or neighborhood issues (such as location or parking compatibility) that could affect the schedule.
			Identify when the local jurisdiction will be contacted and whether community stakeholder meetings are a part of the process.
*	Proj	ect	Budget Analysis for the Preferred Alternative
		Со	st estimate
			Major assumptions used in preparing the cost estimate.
			Summary table of Uniformat Level II cost estimates.
			The <u>C-100</u> . If project costs are outside the C-100 cost control range, explain.
		Pro	oposed funding
			Identify the fund sources and expected receipt of the funds.
			If alternatively financed, provide the projected debt service and fund source. Include the assumptions used for calculating finance terms and interest rates.
		Fac	cility operations and maintenance requirements
			Define the anticipated impact of the proposed project on the operating budget for the agency or institution. Include maintenance and operating assumptions (including FTEs).
			Show five biennia of capital and operating costs from the time of occupancy, including an estimate of building repair, replacement, and maintenance.
			arify whether furniture, fixtures, and equipment are included in the project budget. If not luded, explain.
*	Pred	lesi	gn Appendix
		Со	mpleted <u>Life Cycle Cost Model</u> .
		A 1	etter from the Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation.